# Applying to 4-Year Colleges A Step-by-Step Guide



Applying to 4-year colleges is LITERALLY a part-time job that begins in June following junior year. The process will last through graduation. While I'm here to help you every step of the way, here is some information to help get you started with the process, as well as help you stay on track!

You can do this! Do not procrastinate. Always reach out with questions

- Class Remind
- Email: <u>pauletta.dasilva@osceolaschools.net</u>
- Class Remind
  - OR Text **@tkhs2023** to **81010** OR
  - Click Join Existing Class on the Remind application or website, and type in code @tkhs2023

You ARE college material! Don't give up!

#### All schools will evaluate your admission based on:

- 1. Unweighted & weighted GPA
- 2. Rigor of your course load
- 3. SAT/ACT scores
- 4. Leadership & life experience co-curriculars and paid work experience
- 5. Project-oriented community service

#### Admission committees will also consider:

- 1. Strength of your letters of recommendation
- 2. Strength of your personal statement/essay

#### General Tips:

- You cannot do all of this in one day, or even one week. Do not put these steps off.
- Not sure? Ask Ms.DaSilva! Don't guess!
- Save all usernames and passwords for Common Application, College Board, ACT, FAFSA, SSAR, Spark, etc in one place.
  - Treat every college communication like an interview (text, email, phone call)
    - Be sure to use proper grammar (proper capitalizations in pronouns, complete sentences, etc.)
- Use your full name (even if you hate it, even if you have a nickname, and even if your teachers/family do not use it) on all documentation.
  - Your full name is what is on your birth certificate
  - Check Focus if your name is wrong, talk to guidance about correcting it
  - Not doing so can delay the processing of your application and your financial aid
- Check your work did you type your email in correctly? Are there typos in your application?
- Do not wait until you have the perfect ACT or SAT score to apply to college. It is better to apply early and send updated test scores later than wait to apply.
- Colleges will not review your application until they have received all application materials.
- Check application portals and email weekly AT LEAST after submitting
  - It is not uncommon to ask for grade reports, updated class schedule, mid-year transcript, etc before an admission decision is made

 $\circ~$  It is not uncommon for schools to have you complete financial aid verification before awarding scholarship money

# <u>Step 1</u>: Get organized and connected.

- Join Class of 2023 Remind
- Make a new, personal professional email account through Yahoo or Gmail
  - Examples: <u>Jane.Foster2@gmail.com</u>, <u>jfoster23@gmail.com</u>
    - **DO NOT** use your birthday or graduate year as part of your email address (that makes your accounts easier to hack)
    - Make this email the email account for ACT and College Board.
      - Make note of your passwords for ACT and College Board. These are your personal accounts. The school cannot unlock your account for you if you forget your password.
    - **DO NOT** use this email account for anything other than scholarship applications, college applications, College Board, ACT, and FAFSA.
      - This will make it easier to both check and keep up with your email. Colleges will contact you for additional application materials through your email. If you miss it, you will miss the chance to be accepted. You will also miss out on scholarship money.
      - Check this email account AT LEAST weekly
- Apply for free/reduced lunch: <u>https://www.osceolaschools.net/Page/2169</u> If you qualify for free/reduced lunch, you will be eligible for the following:
  - 4 ACT waivers
  - 1 SAT waiver (covers two Saturday exams)
  - College application waivers
  - AP testing waived
  - College enrollment deposit waived
- Identify your School Counselor if you do not know who it is already

# <u>Step 2</u>: Set yourself up for success.

- Create your college list. You should apply to at least 6 4-year colleges (*if you are serious about attending a 4-year school*)
  - $\circ~$  Do a little research and find out if your school is a reach, target, or safety school for YOU
    - *Reach* test scores and GPA encouraged for admission are higher than yours
    - *Target* test scores and GPA encouraged for admission match yours
    - Safety test scores and GPA encouraged for admission are lower than yours
    - Average GPAs for students accepted to schools, as well as average ACT/SAT scores for students accepted to schools can be found on Xello. Just search the school you are interested in and view the profile.
      - You can also use the *public* and *private* school links on the PHS College & Career Center webpage to help you with your research! <u>https://www.osceolaschools.net/Page/9027</u>
  - Decide if you need to take the ACT or SAT again to help make your college applications more competitive
  - Decide which semester you'll apply for at each school. *Applying to start in summer can help your application be more competitive.*
- Ask at least 1 academic teacher you feel connected to (math, science, ELA, history) and at least 1 other teacher (electives) or community member (old boss, mentor, coach, etc) if they can write you a STRONG letter of recommendation for college
  - If they say yes, provide them with a completed brag sheet and deadline to write your letter. You must give your letter writers at least 1 month to write your letter.

- You can find a copy of the brag sheet on the PHS College and Career Center webpage -<u>https://www.osceolaschools.net/Page/9027</u>
- Make sure you have the classes required for admission to the schools you are interested in.
  - Most schools will require at least the following classes: (It always makes you more competitive to have more.)
    - 4+ years of history
    - 4+ years of math (highest math class needs to be at least Algebra 2)
    - 4+ years of ELA
    - 4+ years of science (recommended biology, chemistry, physics, and 1 additional science class)
    - 2 consecutive years of the same foreign language (for example Spanish I and II, AP Spanish Language and AP Spanish Literature, French 3 & 4, etc)
    - Most 4-year colleges will want to see successful completion of 4-6 AP or DE classes
- Check to see what you are missing to be eligible for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program - <u>https://www.osceolaschools.net/Page/8207</u>

#### <u>Step 3</u>: Start your applications.

- You'll find most colleges around the country use something called Common Application (Common App). Go to the Common App website and create an account using the professional email you created in *Step 1* above. <u>https://www.commonapp.org/</u>
  - The only school on Common App you SHOULD NOT use CommonApp for is the University of Central Florida. Always apply to UCF directly through the school's website: <u>https://www.ucf.edu/</u>
  - You'll need to connect your CommonApp account to your Xello account for your letters of recommendation and to request transcripts.
  - Instructions for connecting Common Application to Xello:
    - Click on ClassLink
    - Open Xello
    - Click on College Planning
    - Click View My Applications (under College Applications)
    - Click Connect
      - You only have to enter your SCHOOL counselor for one school. *The counselor will then automatically show up for the rest of your schools.*
      - You will need to type in who will write your letters of recommendation for each school in your list. (*This is because different schools can require different types of letters.*)
        - Be sure you've asked your letter writers for a letter via email or in person before entering their names in as a letter writer
- Some schools not on CommonApp can be found on the Coalition Application (Florida Southern, Palm Beach Atlantic, Rollins College, University of Tampa) -<u>https://www.coalitionforcollegeaccess.org/</u>

• You can also apply to colleges not on Common App directly on the college's website You always apply as an undergraduate, freshmen, first-time-in-college student (even if you

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# All 4-year college applications, regardless of deadline posted on the school's website, should be submitted and completed by October 31st.

This means, you should have your counselor letters of recommendation (Common Application/Xello), transcripts requested, and counselor forms requested by September 30<sup>th</sup>.

- As of right now, FAMU, FAU, FGCU, Florida Polytechnic University, New College of Florida, UF, FSU, USF, UNF, and UWF require the Self-Reported Student Academic Record (SSAR). (Not a transcript) <u>https://ssar.selfreportedtranscript.com/login.aspx</u>
- UCF requires the Spark form (Not a transcript) You receive information on Spark via email after submitting your UCF application https://www.ucf.edu/admissions/undergraduate/spark/
- All other schools NOT on Common App request a transcript on Xello
  - Click on *ClassLink*
  - o Open Xello
  - Click on *College Planning*
  - Click on Create your First Application or Add New Application
  - Add your school
  - Then click *Request Transcript*
- You must update your SSAR, Spark, and send updated transcripts to schools you apply to if your senior schedule changes

# <u>Step 5</u>: Submit your official SAT and ACT test scores.

- Each college has specific deadlines for receiving ACT/SAT scores.
- If you put on your college applications that you are taking the ACT or SAT any time during your senior year, the schools will likely hold your application until they receive your new scores.
  - If your updated scores are not received by the schools by the college's final deadline, the college will evaluate your application with whatever scores have already been submitted.
  - You need to send all of your ACT and SAT scores. Colleges will *superscore*.
    - *Superscoring* is when they take your highest score of each section.
    - Some colleges do not superscore the ACT, but take the highest Composite score instead.
- You must send your scores officially through your College Board (SAT) and/or ACT accounts. Sending scores are free at the time of registration for ACT/SAT but will cost you money later.

# <u>Step 6</u>: Wrapping up your application cycle

- Keep track of your application portals and email to be sure your schools aren't requesting any additional materials.
- Let's celebrate your success! Be sure to share each acceptance and financial aid award letter with Ms. DaSilva via email, by stopping by the office, or by forwarding me your acceptance email.
- Bring your financial aid award letters to Ms. DaSilva for review they can be tricky to interpret!
- You will fill out a Senior Survey at the end of senior year to tell Ms. DaSilva where you are choosing to enroll. Ms. DaSilva will send your final transcript to that school following graduation.

#### Helpful Resources:

- Senior month-by-month checklist for 4-year college applications: <u>https://www.osceolaschools.net/cms/lib/FL50000609/Centricity/Domain/5179/Senior College</u> <u>Application Checklist.pdf</u>
- Senior College & Career website page: <u>https://www.osceolaschools.net/Page/9030</u>
  - Has links to the scholarship newsletter, senior newsletter, and other information you'll need throughout your senior year
- ACT: <u>www.myact.org</u>
- College Board (SAT): <u>www.collegeboard.org</u>
- The TKHS College & Career website: <u>https://www.osceolaschools.net/Page/7870</u>